

**COMMITTEE AMENDMENT**  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
State of Oklahoma

SPEAKER:

CHAIR:

I move to amend HB1032 \_\_\_\_\_  
Of the printed Bill  
Page \_\_\_\_\_ Section \_\_\_\_\_ Lines \_\_\_\_\_  
Of the Engrossed Bill

By striking the Title, the Enacting Clause, the entire bill, and by inserting in lieu thereof the following language:

**AMEND TITLE TO CONFORM TO AMENDMENTS**

Amendment submitted by: Mark Lawson \_\_\_\_\_

Adopted: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Reading Clerk

1 STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2 1st Session of the 59th Legislature (2023)

3 PROPOSED COMMITTEE  
4 SUBSTITUTE  
5 FOR  
6 HOUSE BILL NO. 1032

By: Lawson

7 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

8 An Act relating to children; amending 10A O.S. 2021,  
9 Section 2-2-402, which relates to adjudicative  
10 hearings; requiring that hearing for child be held  
11 within a certain time frame; providing exception; and  
12 providing an effective date.

13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

14 SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 10A O.S. 2021, Section 2-2-402, is  
15 amended to read as follows:

16 Section 2-2-402. A. All cases of children shall be heard  
17 separately from the trial of cases against adults. The adjudicative  
18 hearings shall be conducted according to the rules of evidence, and  
19 may be adjourned from time to time.

20 1. Except as provided by paragraph 2 of this subsection, the  
21 hearings shall be private; however, all persons having a direct  
22 interest in the case as provided in this paragraph shall be  
23 admitted. Any victim, relative, legal guardian of a victim, or a  
24 person designated by the victim who is not subject to the rule of

1 sequestration as a witness of a delinquent act shall be considered  
2 to have a direct interest in the case, shall be notified of all  
3 court hearings involving that particular delinquent act, and shall  
4 be admitted to the proceedings. The court shall, however, remove  
5 all persons not having a direct interest in the case or that are not  
6 the parents or legal guardian of the child from any hearing where  
7 evidence of the medical or behavioral health condition of the child  
8 or specific instances of deprivation are being presented.  
9 Stenographic notes or other transcript of the hearings shall be kept  
10 as in other cases, but they shall not be open to inspection except  
11 by order of the court or as otherwise provided by law.

12 2. Hearings related to the second or subsequent delinquency  
13 adjudication of a child shall be public proceedings. The  
14 adjudications relied upon to determine whether a hearing is a public  
15 proceeding pursuant to this paragraph shall not have arisen out of  
16 the same transaction or occurrence or series of events closely  
17 related in time and location. Upon its own motion or the motion of  
18 any of the parties to the hearing and for good cause shown, the  
19 court may order specific testimony or evidence to be heard in  
20 private; provided, the court shall not exclude any relative, legal  
21 guardian of a victim, or a person designated by the victim who is  
22 not subject to the rule of sequestration as a witness from the  
23 hearing during testimony of the victim. For the purposes of this  
24 paragraph, "good cause" shall mean a showing that it would be

1 substantially harmful to the mental or physical well-being of the  
2 child if such testimony or evidence were presented at a public  
3 hearing. The judge may, for good cause shown, open the court  
4 hearings to educate members of the public about juvenile justice  
5 issues; however, the identities of the juvenile respondents shall  
6 not be published in any reports or articles of general circulation.

7 B. The child may remain silent as a matter of right in  
8 delinquency hearings and in need of supervision hearings, and before  
9 the child testifies, the child shall be so advised.

10 C. A decision determining a child to come within the purview of  
11 the Oklahoma Juvenile Code shall be based on sworn testimony and the  
12 child shall have the opportunity for cross-examination unless the  
13 facts are stipulated or unless the child enters into a stipulation  
14 that the allegations of the petition are true or that sufficient  
15 evidence exists to meet the burden of proof required for the court  
16 to sustain the allegations of the petition. In proceedings pursuant  
17 to the Oklahoma Juvenile Code, the court may allow mileage as in  
18 civil actions to witnesses and reimbursement for expert witnesses  
19 but such shall not be tendered in advance of the hearing. If a  
20 child is alleged to be delinquent and the facts are stipulated, the  
21 judge shall ascertain from the child if the child agrees with the  
22 stipulation and if the child understands the consequences of  
23 stipulating the facts.

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1       D. For any child being held in a secure detention on charges as  
2 an accused juvenile delinquent, adjudication shall occur within  
3 thirty (30) days after the detainment for that charge. This time  
4 may be extended to allow parties to negotiate in good faith to  
5 review discovery or for any other good cause shown. The provisions  
6 of this subsection shall not apply to matters in which a non-jury or  
7 jury trial are requested by the child.

8       E. If the court finds that the allegations of a petition  
9 alleging a child to be delinquent or in need of supervision are  
10 supported by the evidence, the court shall sustain the petition, and  
11 shall make an order of adjudication setting forth whether the child  
12 is delinquent or in need of supervision and shall adjudge the child  
13 as a ward of the court.

14       ~~E.~~ F. If the court finds that the allegations of the petition  
15 are not supported by the evidence, the court shall order the  
16 petition dismissed and shall order the child discharged from any  
17 detention or restriction previously ordered. The parents, legal  
18 guardian or other legal custodian of the child shall also be  
19 discharged from any restriction or other previous temporary order.

20       ~~F.~~ G. Any arrest or detention under the Oklahoma Juvenile Code  
21 or any adjudication in a juvenile proceeding shall not be considered  
22 an arrest, detention or conviction for purposes of employment, civil  
23 rights, or any statute, regulation, license, questionnaire,  
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1 application, or any other public or private purposes, unless  
2 otherwise provided by law.

3 SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2023.

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5 59-1-6589 CMA 02/10/23

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